

# Ultrapotassic syenites: an alternative K-source worldwide

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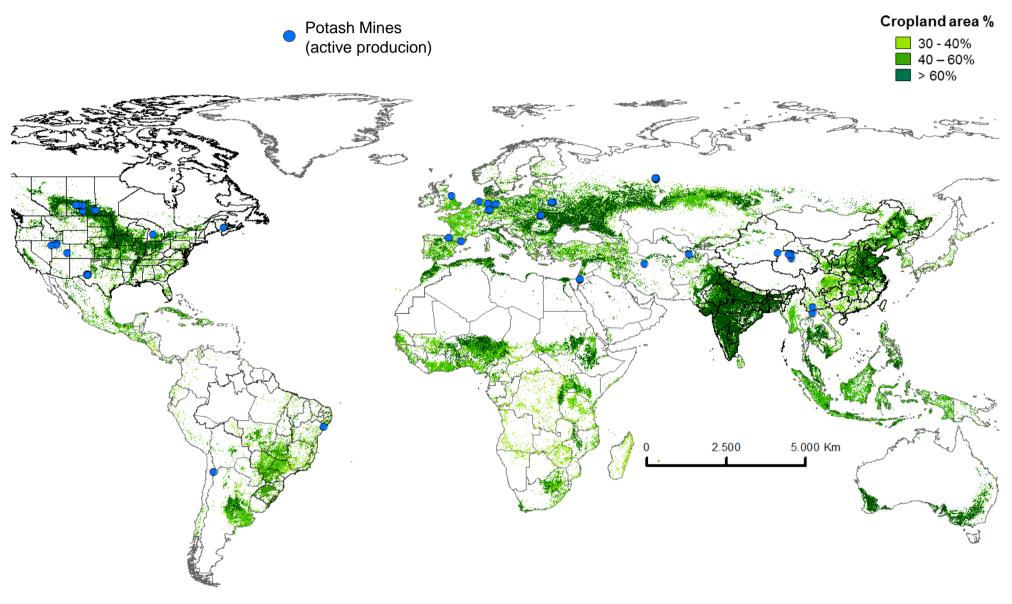
2IWAP, London, June 2017



# Potassium (K) Fertilizers Ready for Disruption

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### Potash MInes



#### Unserved potash demand requires new solutions

**Demand for a New Potassium Fertilizer** 

Local potassium source & close to end-user Production with no byproducts or waste generation. Lower overall carbon footprint Sustainable

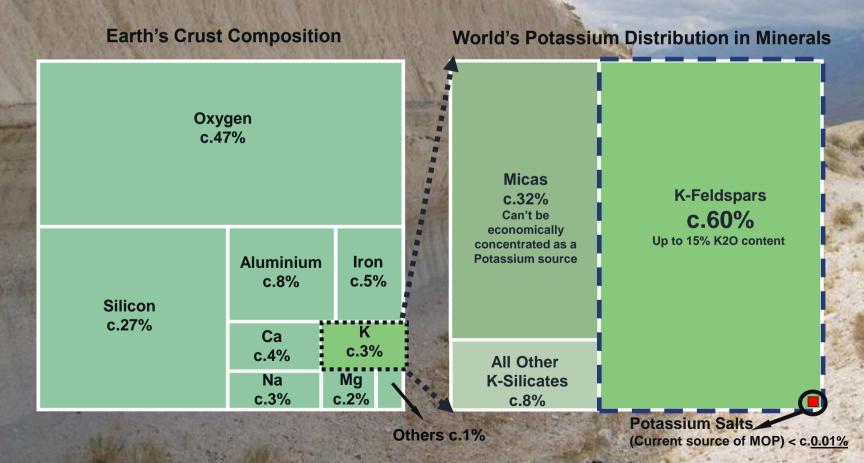
Chloride-Free (nonsalt), Controlled Release, no leaching and improvement of soil quality over time

#### Efficient

Low-cost

A new potassium fertilizer source

K-Feldspar is an abundant and chloridefree silicate mineral



Source: Mason & Moore (1982); Yaroslavsky (1969); Poddervaart (1968), APT Analysis

# K-rich rocks

### Sedimentary rocks:

• Arcosian sandstones; low K<sub>2</sub>O grade, high quartz contents;

### Metamorphic rocks:

 Mica schists: Iow K<sub>2</sub>O grade (< 4 wt%), high quartz contents. Moderate K<sub>2</sub>O grades (> 7 wt%) are very rare and Iow tonnage (< 10 Mton).</li>

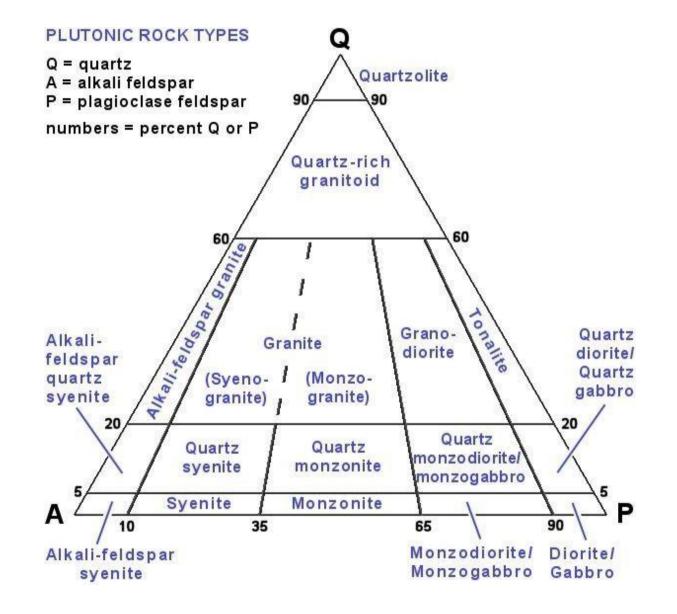
### Igneous rocks:

- Syenites: up to 15 wt%  $K_2O$ , large volumes, occur worldwide.
- Trachytes; more restricted

# New exploration model

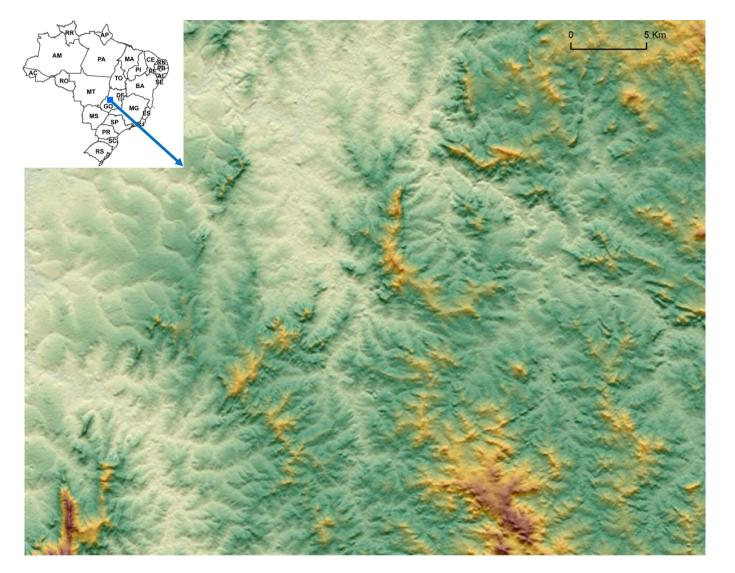
- Syenite was not an ore before APT;
- Occurrences and main characteristics;
- Petrology:
- Geomorphology:
- Geophysics.

# Petrology - Genesis





# Geomorphology

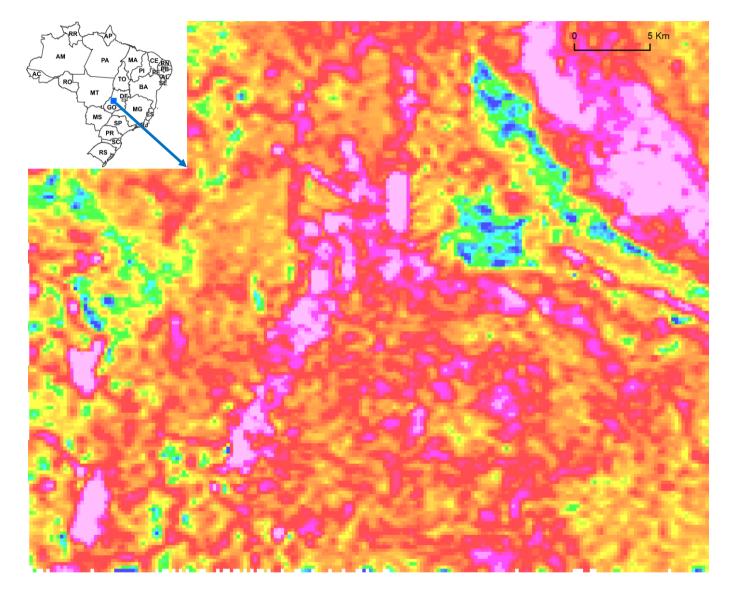




Source: SRTM: NASA / INPE 2010; APT

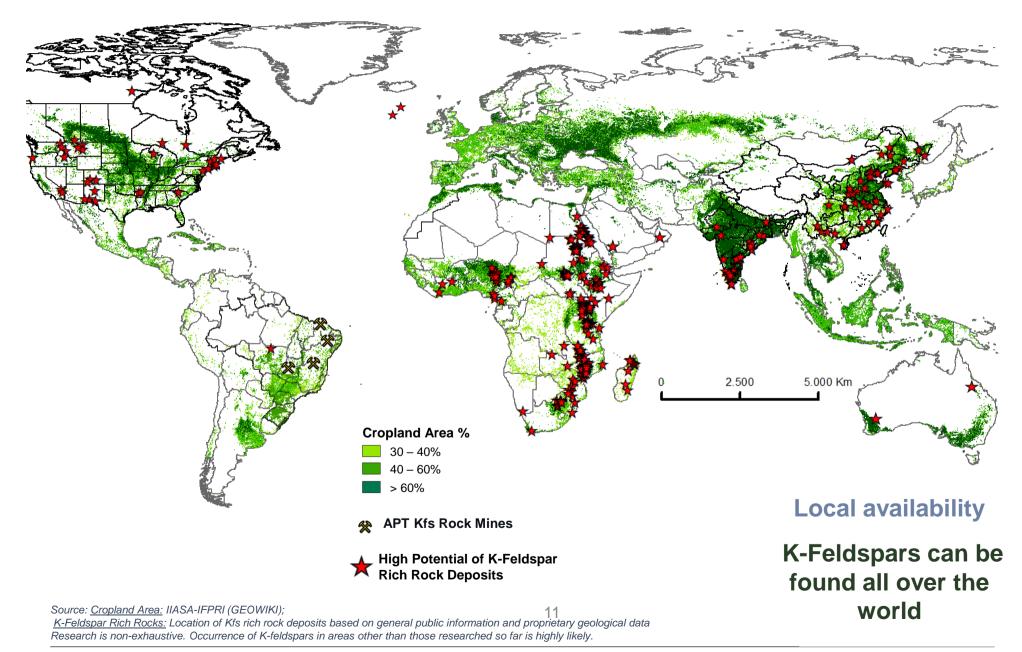


# Gamma K

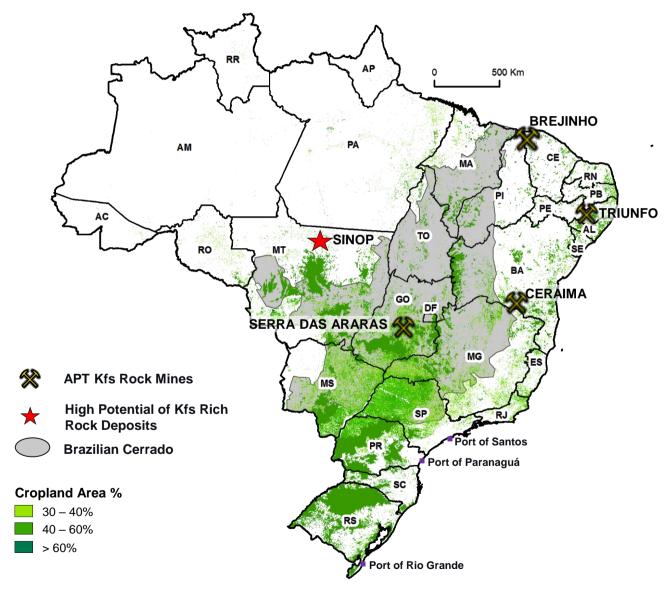


Source: CPRM 2012; APT

# APT's model + Desktop study



### APT Kfs Deposits in Brazil



#### Comments

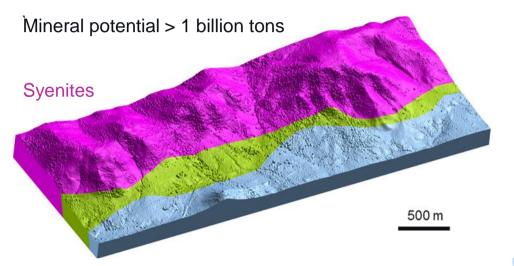
 APT developed Kfs mines close to all major agricultural areas of the Cerrado region

Source: IBGE 2007 - Census of Agriculture, 2006 collected data; Embrapa 2013 – System for Agriculture Observation and Monitoring (SOMABRASIL), 2011's Crops; APT Analysis

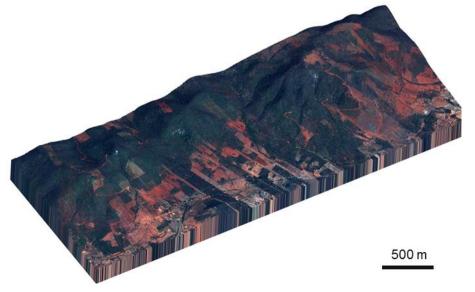
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# Triunfo Project

Triunfo Project – 3D Geological modelling



Triunfo Project – Google Earth image

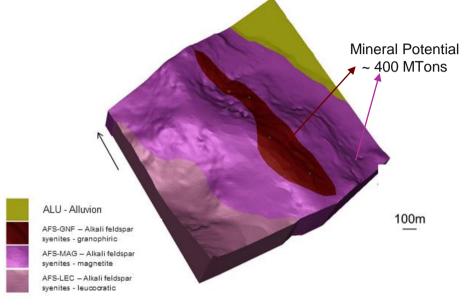






### Ceraíma Project

#### Ceraíma Project – 3D Geological modelling



#### Ceraíma Project – AFS-GNF



Ceraíma syenitic complex



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### Serra das Araras Project - North



15.2% K<sub>2</sub>O 64.2% SiO<sub>2</sub>



1.7Km



14.2% K<sub>2</sub>O 64.5% SiO<sub>2</sub>



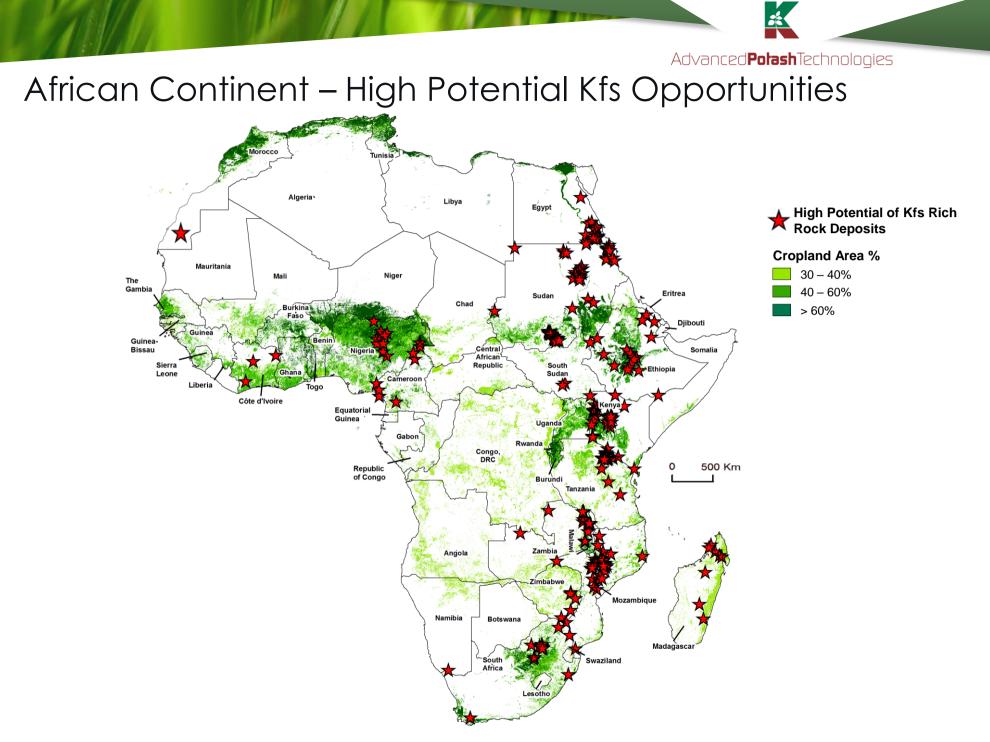
1.1Km

### Serra das Araras Project - North



14.7% K<sub>2</sub>O 62.7% SiO<sub>2</sub>

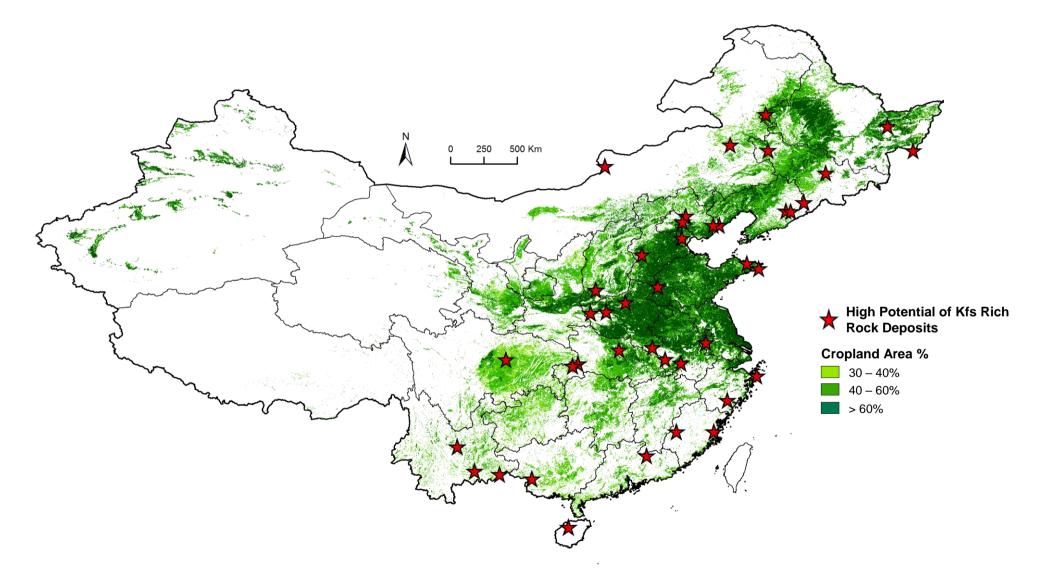
### 13.0% K<sub>2</sub>O 60.7% SiO<sub>2</sub>



Source: Cropland Area: IIASA-IFPRI (GEOWIKI); K-Feldspar Rich Rocks: Location of Kfs rich rock deposits based on general public information and proprietary geological data

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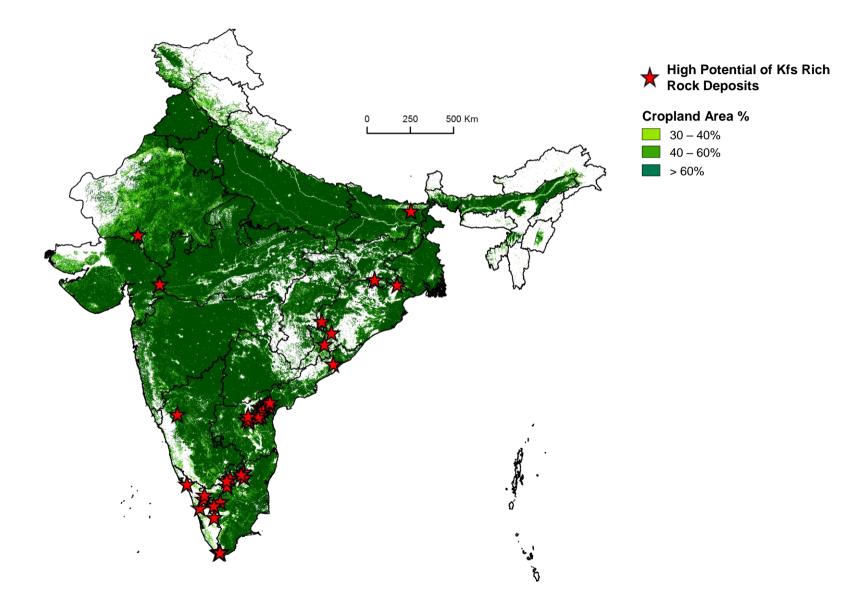
### China – High Potential Kfs Opportunities



Source: Cropland Area: IIASA-IFPRI (GEOWIKI); K-Feldspar Rich Rocks: Location of Kfs rich rock deposits based on general public information and proprietary geological data

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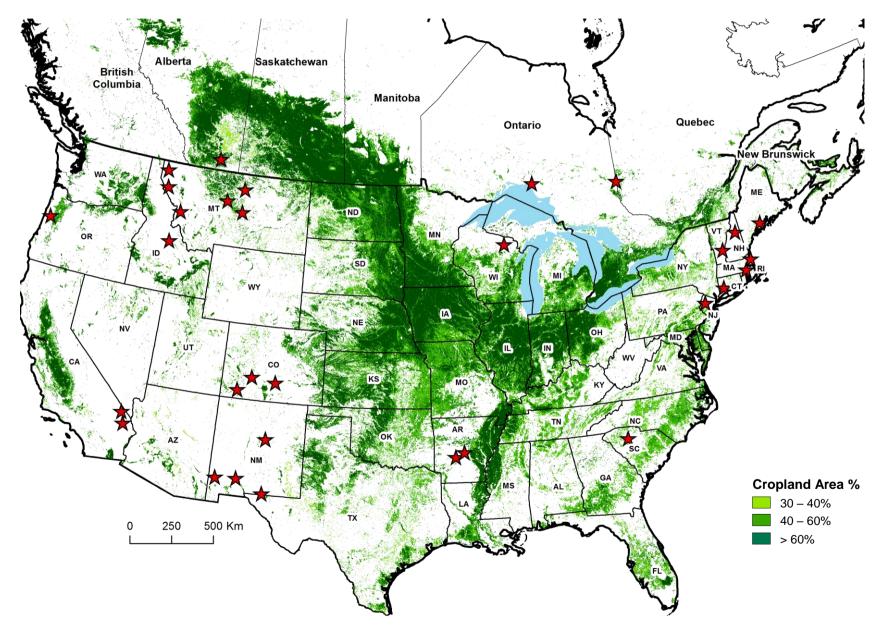
# India – High Potential Kfs Opportunities



Source: Cropland Area: IIASA-IFPRI (GEOWIKI); K-Feldspar Rich Rocks: Location of Kfs rich rock deposits based on general public information and proprietary geological data

i.

### North America – High Potential Kfs Opportunities



Source: Cropland Area: IIASA-IFPRI (GEOWIKI); K-Feldspar Rich Rocks: Location of Kfs rich rock deposits based on general public information and proprietary geological data

No need for complex and expensive deep mining operations

150m

### Example of Kfs Deposits – Brazil

2,500m

### **Typical Potash Evaporite Deposits**

	Gravel / Till			-
ente	Shale			
00 m	Sand (Blairmore)			
	Carbonate			
	Evaporate			
			K	
000 m —	POTASH		1	
124	Evaporate		49	Potasł
1.	Example: Saskatchew	an Denos		Depos





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